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Virginia Gazette

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND: PRINTED BY THOMAS NICOLSON.

RICHMOND, January 10, 1787.

IN conſequence of the late calamitous fire in this city we find ourſelves compelled to call on ſuch of our friends, as ſtand indebted to us for immediate payment Setting aſide the diſpoſition which they muſt feel, to aſſiſt us in our preſent ſituation, the very long indulgence which has heretofore been given, to thoſe in our debt, will we are ſatisfied call for their utmoſt exertions, and will likewiſe apologize for our determination, indiſcriminately to commence ſuit againſt ſuch as are delinquent —— Our buſineſs for the preſent is tranſacted in the new houſe on the main ſtreet leading up to the capital. The houſes formerly under our occupation, will be in a very ſhort time repaired, when we ſhall open a ſtore as uſual, with a freſh and ſeaſonable aſſortment of goods.

We have left on hand a variety of mahogany furniture, a few handſome ſecond hand carriages, a quantity of rum, ſalt, bar iron, porter, and cheeſe, hardware, &c. Which we will ſell cheap for ready money.

PENNOCK, NICOLSON, & SKIPWITH.

To be SOLD, for READY MONEY,

At Glouceſter courthouſe, on Monday the 5th of March, by virtue of a deed of truſt to Charles Tomkies,

15 choice Virginia-born

SLAVES,

belonging to the eſtate of Doctor Thomas Clayton, deceaſed.

FRANCIS WILLIS, Aſſignee of CHARLES TOMKIES.

FITZWHYLSONN's Engliſh School,

IS removed from Mr. Samuel Couch's to Mrs Warricks on the back ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Maſon's Hall.

The ſatisfaction he gave thoſe who employed him laſt year, he hopes, will recommend him to the farther patronage of the public.

Terms. Two dollars entrance, and twenty five ſhillings per quarter.

Richmond, January 19, 1787.

Fifty Pounds Reward.

LOST

OUT of the houſe of the ſubſcribers on Monday morning, a ſmall black leather trunk, with eighty two pounds in caſh, fifteen hundred dollars in indents, one hundred and five pounds in militia certificates, twenty five pounds ſixteen ſhillings in intereſt warrants, which in the time of the fire, it is ſuppoſed was carried to another houſe. Whoever will deliver the ſaid trunk, ſhall receive the above reward.

ISAAC & JOSEPH MORDICAI.

Richmond, January 10.

WILLIAMSBURG, Nov. 10, 1786.

INFORMATION is given to the public, that the GRAMMAR SCHOOL in the city of Williamſburg, is now under the direction of the Rev. Mr. BRACKEN; board and lodging in the Capitol will be diſcontinued, but may be had in private houſes on reaſonable terms. The languages, writing and arithmetic will be taught, and the terms will be two pounds five ſhillings per quarter, to be paid in advance.

☞ Thoſe who chooſe to learn the

FRENCH LANGUAGE,

May have an opportunity of doing it.

NOW SELLING

AT T. NICOLSON's OFFICE.

The Virginia Almanack,

For the Year 1787.

FOR SALE,

Or exchaaged for a ſmaller Veſſel,

THE BRIGANTINE

BATCHELOR,

Burthen 300 Hogſheads,

Now lying at Portſmouth. The terms may be known by applying to Captain Stephen Hookey on board, or

RICHARD BAKER.

SOUTH QUAY, Jan. 18, 1787.

For Sale,

Three hundred and ten acres of land lying on James river, near Hampton, being part of the tract which formerly belonged to Col. William Digges, jun. called,

NEWPORT NEWS.

THE land is rich, is very well timbered with pine and oak, fit for ſhip building, and there is a very good fiſhery. The terms may be known by applying to

DAVID JAMESON.

YORK, November 2, 1786.

FOR SALE,

About three hundred and fifty ACRES of

LAND,

Part of the tract on which I lately lived with the

HOUSES AND IMPROVEMENTS,

Within a mile of YORK TOWN.

THE ſuperior quality of the land is ſo generally known that I need not be particular in the diſcription of it. The buildings are an overſeers houſe, kitchen, quarter, and other out houſes. A branch divides the land almoſt equally and affords ten or twelve acres of very fine unimproved meadow ground and ſeveral ſprings of very fine water on both ſides. I will ſell the land on either ſide the branch ſeperate, or the whole together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. I will alſo ſell one third part of a ſituation for a mill within a mile and a half of the town. Poſſeſſion will be given for one part of the land and ſituation for the mill immediately, and for the other part of the land the firſt day of next January. Twelve months credit will be given, on the purchaſers giving bond with approved ſecurity.

LAWRENCE SMITH.

JANUARY 18, 1787.

LOST

IN OR ABOUT THIS CITY,

A Red Cornelian SEAL, SET IN GOLD,

With the initial letters M. E. engraved.

Any perſon who may have found and will return to the Printer hereof will be handſomely rewarded.

RICHMOND, January 23, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber wiſhing to diſcharge his debts as ſoon as poſſible will ſell a tract of 363 acres of valuable tobacco and meadow land on James river, in Goochland county, about 36 miles from Richmond. Alſo his right and intereſt in a location on a large body of land lying from 7 or 8 to 12 or 15 miles from the Ohio river, on a large creek emptying into the Ohio on the eaſtern ſide 6 miles above the mouth of Scioto; which lands if not before diſpoſed of, will be offered for ſale at Mr. William Roſe's, in this city, on the firſt Monday in March next, being Henrico court day. For further prrticulars inquire of the Honourable William Fleming, in the upper end of Cheſterfield, or to CHARLES FLEMING.

RICHMOND, January 29, 1787.

THE buſineſs in which I am concerned requiring my removal to Norfolk in the ſpring, thoſe perſons who have any accounts to ſettle with me will call and do it before that time, and thoſe who fail paying the balances due me or the late concern of William Pennock, and Co. will have their bonds, &c. put into the hands of an attorney without further notice from WILLIAM PENNOCK.

Miſſing ſince the FIRE,

A Small TRUNK, containing ſundry papers belonging to the late concern of William Pennock, and Co. the perſon returning it ſhall receive ten dollars reward.

W. P.

POWHATAN, January 23, 1787.

I HAVE for ſale 800 acres of LAND lying on Appamattox river, near Jenito bridge, and 18 miles from Richmond, it extends along the ſaid river about three miles, whereof there is ſuppoſed to be 300 acres of the firſt rate low grounds. There is a good dwelling houſe and all neceſſary out houſes on the premiſes ——— Alſo 600 acres adjoining the ſaid land, lying on Jenito creek, of excellent quality for tobacco. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately —— The lands will be ſhewn and the terms made known by

GEORGE WILLIAMSON.

FOR SALE,

And poſſeſſion given in November next.

A beautiful Seat

On JAMES RIVER,

Two miles below *Cobham*,

In Surry county.

THE ſituation and proſpect of this ſeat, is equal to any in this ſtate. The tract of land contains by ſarvey 501 acres, there is on the plantation, a large and commodious dwelling houſe, a new granery, with three rooms below and one above, two new well built, and conſtructed ſtables, kitchen, ſmoak houſe, dairy, and many other convenient houſes Alſo an overſeer's houſe, with 2 rooms below and 2 above, and a kitchen. The ſoil of the land is equal to any in this part of the country; there is juſt reclaimed 30 acres of meadow land, equal in quality to any in the world, by reputable judges, alſo as many more acres, that plantation will have the uſe of ſeven years.—It is neceſſary to mention that this plantation has the advantage, of as good a garden as any on the ſouth ſide of James river, and every other advantage that any other ſeat has. I think unneceſſary to paſs any encomiums on the above ſeat, however deſerving of them it may be, as I preſume no perſon would purchaſe without firſt viewing the premiſes. One half the purchaſe money to be paid on taking poſſeſſion of the land, the ballance to be divided into two annual payments, on giving bond and approved ſecurity. Should any perſon wiſh to purchaſe and have poſſeſſion immediately, I ſhould have no objection to give it up, on receiving one fourth of the purchaſe money, and the ballance of half the whole amount in November next. To accommodate the purchaſer, I would take boys, young fellows, and certificates in part pay. JAMES ALLEN BRADBY.

January 22, 1787.

To be Rented

For one, or LEASED for three years,

A DWELLING HOUSE,

ON the back ſtreet, with a good garden, kitchen, and all other neceſſary out houſes, lately occupied by the ſubſcriber

I have alſo a houſe and lot, which I would rent or ſell, lately occupied as a ſhop by Mr. Robert Gilbert. This lot I would ſell cheap for part caſh, and give an undoubted title. For terms apply to

GABRIEL GALT.

Richmond, January 3, 1787.

The remaining warrants for the fourth years intereſt on

Military Certificates

Which have been regiſtered at the Treaſury agreeably to law will be paid off on application.

J. AMBLER.

Treaſury Office, December 12, 1786.

By the Robert, Captain Ramſay, and Neſtor, Captain Robertſon, from London, we are favoured with the following European intelligence.

HAGUE, *November* 24.

BY accounts from Nimeguen, the Stadtholderian Court entered that city on the 13th for the winter ſeaſon. It had been maliciouſly reported, that the inhabitants were not much pleaſed at the idea of that illuſtrious family reſiding in that city, but the contrary ſeems to be the fact, as they were received with every demonſtration of general joy by the people.

A ſmall difference has ariſen between the Auſtrian government and the Sates General ralative to the reſolution taken by the latter to keep the canal called Zwin, in Zealand, ſhut. It is ſaid, the government general of the Auſtrian Netherlands, has ſent a diviſion of cannoneers to garriſon Malines, with ten pieces of cannon from the arſenal at Antwerp, to defend the little bay of Hazegras, upon the imperial territory, and upon which their High Mightineſſes thought that the Dutch veſſels might caſt anchor upon paying the duties of the country. This point is of too little moment not to be ſoon ſettled by the reſpective commiſſioners who are now employed at Bruſſels in ſettling the reciprocal limits.

LONDON, *November* 28.

IT is in agitation at Paris, to cover up the arm of the Seine, which divides the iſland of Louis from that of Notre Dame, and to erect there a ſtatue of Louis XVI, in the centre of an elegant public ſquare, which the land there is capable of being converted to.

Yeſterday William Eden, Eſq; Commercial Negociator at the Court of France, arrived in town.

Mr. Fawkoner, the Commercial Envoy, who is ſaid to aſſiſt Mr. Walpole in forming the new treaty between Great Britain and Portugal arrived ſafe at Liſbon the 7th inſt. from England.

On Thurſday was transferred at the bank, the ſum of 471,000l. by Mr. Van Otteo, on account of the Landgrave of Heſſe, ſo much being due on Heſſian ſoldiers, loſt in the American war, at 30l. a man.

The pages of the King of Pruſſia have ſold all the wardrobe of their deceaſed maſter for 400 rix dollars; but the Jew who purchaſed it, ſold it again for 4000, not owing to the value, but merely to the enthuſiaſm of the people, who diſcovered ſuch eagerneſs to poſſeſs a relic of that monarch, that an old lady gave 200 rix dollars for a pair of ragged breeches. His Majeſty had but eleven ſhirts, at leaſt no greater number was found among his linen. Voltaire, in his poſthumous anecdotes of the great Frederick ſays, that this Prince in his younger days, never wore a complete ſhirt, having but the collar and the ſleeves ſewed to his waiſtcoat, which he relates as an inſtance of the ſordidneſs of his royal father.

A letter from Toulon ſays, that l'Junon, a frigate of 46 guns, on her paſſage from Cadiz, fell in with an Algerine galley, of 30 guns, and a corſair, when a ſmart engagement enſued, which laſted near an hour, during which the corſair was ſunk, and all the crew drowned; and ſoon after the galley ſtruck, and they have brought her in there; both veſſels are in a ſhattered condition, and many men killed and wounded on both ſides.

Extract of a letter from Madrid.

"The King of Spain has publiſhed an edict at Madrid, relating to the iſland of St Domingo only. It grants free permiſſion to all nations to import negroes during the ſpace of ten years, free of all duties, with an allowance to the importers of taking the value in gold, ſilver, or any other commodities, equally free of duty. All nations are likewiſe allowed to import every kind of utenſil neceſſary for cultivation, and to export the produce of their cargo, without paying any duty. The per centage tax, which at St. Domingo was aſſeſſed at five per cent, is reduced to three; and all new cultivated plantations are exempt from all taxes for the ſpace of ten years; all merchandize going from the kingdom of Spain ſhall pay no duty of any kind, nor ſhall any be levied on thoſe commodities which may be brought in return from St. Domingo."

The American ſtates have ſent orders to Mr. Jefferſon their miniſter plenipotentiary at the court of Verſailles, to have a ſervice of guilt plate immediately made, and to preſent it in their name to Compte de Vergennes, as an acknowledgement of the ſervices that miniſter rendered them during the laſt war. This preſent will coſt Congreſs 120,000 livres.

HARTFORD, JAN. 22.

BY information received from Springfield this morning, we learn, that the militia to the amount of 1500 choſen men, under the command of general Shepherd, are aſſembling at Weſt Springfield. Gen. Shays is at Greenwich with about 300 men, with whom he is to march to Worceſter, and Col. Day expects to be reinforced by about 1500 men from the county of Berkſhire. Strong guards are kept by both parties. Gen. Parks, in attempting to paſs the guards yeſterday at the ferry, had one of his horſes and ſeveral of the gentlemen in company with him wounded, by ſwords and bayonets.

A correſpondent has ſent us the following extract of a letter from Taunton, dated the 14th ult. "A number of ladies of the firſt families here, emulating the laudable example of Mrs T——, is making cloth out of hair from the hides which her huſband tans, have entered into an aſſociation to diſtinguiſh themſelves, by ſhewing the moſt perfect indifference to all ſuperfluities; to throw aſide thoſe ornaments and decorations which, in leſs diſmal times, might become them; and ſet a laudable example by wearing no clothes hereafter, except ſuch as ſhall be ſpun and wove from the hair of cattle; and the gentlemen, not to be behind-hand in patriotiſm, it is thought, will ſign an aſſociation to wear no clothing in the mean time, but the ſkins of the ſame beaſts, the hair being firſt taken off for the uſe of the ladies."

BOSTON, JAN. 16.

A GENTLEMAN of character, on a journey from New-York to this town, in the courſe of the laſt week, had an interview with Shays, whom he knew, both having been officers in the late continental army, and in the ſame regiment. The gentleman left the direct road, and made a circuit of ten or fifteen miles, merely with a view of converſing with this leader of the mob, in the weſtern counties, on the ſubject of the riſings in the ſtate. He found his houſe crowded with his inſurgents, and, of courſe, on account of filth and naſtineſs, it reſembled a ſtable, or a den, rather than a human dwelling, and ſtripped of proviſions for man or beaſt. In the courſe of their converſation, the following facts were extorted: He declared that he had it in his power to raiſe ten thouſand men, and he ſhewed a roll or liſt of a conſiderable number, among whom were ſome old continental ſoldiers; that he could not be deceived in his numbers; that they all ſtood ready to turn out at a minute's notice; that his object was to deſtroy the preſent conſtitution, which had been determined upon for a long time; that he was ſure of victory; and if he ever came to blows, he expected to get poſſeſſion of Boſton in the firſt place—and, after ſecuring the property, he intended to burn the town; that he had no money at preſent to ſupport troops, but there was money and other property enough in the ſtate for that purpoſe, and when he got his men together, they ſhould not ſtarve; that he had not conſidered, whether, though he might be able to carry all before him here, the other ſtates might not ſeize and hang him, as a public enemy to the union: He, however, ſaid, that he wiſhed himſelf out of the ſcrape, but that he could not look back; he had undertaken, and muſt go forward. His converſation was altogether of this kind; and, from this ſpecimen, we may fairly conclude, that he is a fool as well as a madman, and that his reign will be ſhort indeed The honeſt and virtuous citizens will ſurely keep clear of the ſnares that he and his abettors have laid for their lives.

In converſation with the ſame gentleman, he alſo ſaid, that he did not write the letters or iſſue the orders for the people to turn out to ſtop the courts, &c. which have appeared in the newſpapers, but that they were written and iſſued by others, who did not appear in a military, but a civil character. Theſe, we ſuppoſe are the Willards and Chapmans, &c. &c. who are to be our Senators next year.

We hear, from good authority, that the leaders of the mob, to the number of about 40, had a meeting, laſt Friday evening, at Barre; when it was determined to incloſe and forward to his Excellency and the Council, that farrago of nonſenſe and ſtupidity, called "the petition of a committee from ſeveral towns in the county of Worceſter," &c. which was agreed upon by the mob at Worceſter, at the time the court was to have ſat there laſt, and has appeared in all the public papers, with an apology for not ſending it ſooner. It ſeems that they did ſend it about a fortnight ago, but the meſſenger was afraid, it is ſaid, to deliver it, on account of the many lies, as well as the many wicked miſrepreſentations contained in it, and the execrable tendency of it in general. This meeting of the leaders ſtands adjourned to this day, when they are to determine upon the expediency of appearing, with all their force, at Worceſter next week, and eſtabliſhing and continuing a ſtanding army.

NEW YORK, January 27.

YESTERDAY about one o'clock in the morning, the ſtore of Mr. J. Starr, merchant in William Street, was diſcovered to be on fire. The bells were immediately wrung, and the inhabitants turned out with the uſual alacrity; but notwithſtanding their greateſt exertions, the inner part of the houſe was entirely burnt before the flames could be extinguiſhed. It appears that this terrible accident had been occaſioned by the pipe of a ſtove which was fixed in the front ſtore, and that great part of the goods had been conſumed before the alarm was given. By the ſpirited exertions of Capt Waldron, the greateſt part of the houſehold furniture, clothes and books, were ſaved, but the whole ſtock in trade was entirely conſumed. Mr. Star's brother, who ſlept in an upper chamber, nearly periſhed in the flames, and was to all appearance dead when got out. Too much praiſe cannot be aſcribed to the different magiſtrates of this city, for their extreme attention upon this melancholy occaſion, and to the firemen and citizens, whoſe unremitted induſtry at laſt got over the violence of the flames, which, from the great progreſs they had made previous to their diſcovery, ſeemed to threaten a general conflagration. The whole loſs is eſtimated at upwards of five thouſand pounds.

PHILADELPHIA, January 31.

FRIDAY laſt arrived here, after 21 days from Curacoa, the brig Olive Branch, Captain Potter, who reports, that the day before he ſailed, a ſloop arrived with an account of a terrible hurricane and earthquake having happened at Jamaica, by which great damage was ſuſtained, and it was ſaid that one half of the town of Kingſton was ſunk by the earthquake No particulars of this truly melancholy event are received, but we hope the account is exaggerated.

About eight o'clock, laſt Wedneſday evening, three villians, two on horſeback, and one on foot, attacked a young man on his way to Germantown, in ſight of the Globe-mill, and ſtripped him of his boots, ſpurs, hat and coat—then gagged him, tied him to a fence, and rode off with his horſe, taking with them his ſaddle-bags, containing ſome money, &c. In this ſituation the unfortunate young man continued almoſt naked till Thurſday morning, no perſon having paſſed the road all night, that he could obſerve.

The aſſembly of Rhode Iſland have granted liberty to a number of private gentlemen to eſtabliſh a mint in that ſtate, for coining ſilver and copper money, agreeably to the reſolves of Congreſs on that ſubject.

COMMERCIAL TREATY between FRANCE and GREAT-BRITAIN.

(Continued from our laſt)

COMMANDERS of ſhips of war, or privateers, belonging to both powers, ſhall have ſtrict orders not to do any injury to the other party: And in caſe of diſobeying the ſaid orders, to be puniſhed and make ample ſatisfaction.

Commanders of privateers, carrying no more than 150 men, to give bond in 1500l. ſterling, and thoſe carrying a greater number than 150, to give bond in 3000l. that they will make ſatisfaction for the damages done by themſelves, or thoſe employed under them, under the penalty of having their commiſſions annulled.

The contracting powers to give effectual orders for the adminiſtration of juſtice, concerning prizes in the admiralty courts, by competent judges, unintereſted in the cauſes in diſpute.

Commanders of ſhips of war not to exact from merchants ſhips any other verification than their certificates and paſſports. Should ſuch paſſports or certificates be wanting, and it be made appear from other teſtimonies that it belongs to Britiſh or French ſubjects, and not carrying contraband goods to the enemy of the other, in that caſe it ſhall not be confiſcated, but be allowed to proceed to the place of its deſtination.

Should the maſter named in the paſſport die, or be removed, and another be put in his place, the ſame paſſports ſhall continue in full force.

A ſhip, or goods, having remained in the enemy's poſſeſſion 24 hours, ſhall not, for that reaſon only, be conſidered as prize; but if they ought to be reſtored on other accounts, they may be reclaimed by the owners.

Should the miniſter of either power, reſiding at the court of the other, complain of the injuſtice of any ſentence given, the ſame ſhall be reviſed by their reſpective councils, unleſs they ſhall have already decided thereon. Juſtice to be done in the ſpace of 3 months; but the goods in diſpute not to be diſpoſed of, the reviſion thereof ſtill being undetermined, unleſs by conſent of both parties

Should difficulties ariſe about the legality of prizes, and the diſpute be put to judicial deciſion, the goods ſhall be unſhipped, an inventory and appraiſment made, and ſecurity be acquired from the perſon making the prize to pay the coſts, in caſe ſuch prize ſhould not be declared unlawful. Security, in the other caſe, muſt be had from the claimant, for paying the value of the prize, in caſe of the captor's being declared lawful. Theſe ſecurities being given reſpectively, the prize ſhall be delivered to the claimant But ſhould the claimant refuſe ſuch ſecurity, the prize ſhall be given to the captor, in caſe he gives ſecurity to pay the full value of the prize, if it ſhall be pronounced unlawful. In either caſe, the judge's ſentence not to be delayed in its execution by reaſon of any appeal from either claimant or captor.

Should any merchant ſhips be wrecked on the coaſts of either kingdom, whatever ſhall be ſaved therefrom ſhall be reſtored to the owners, paying only ſuch rate of ſalvage as ſhall be ſettled on both ſides; each nation, however, reſerving to itſelf its own rights and cuſtoms, the abolition or modification of which ſhall be treated upon in caſes where they ſhall be contrary to the regulations of this treaty. Perſons inhumanly taking advantages of the unfortunate ſufferers, in caſes of ſhipwreck, to be ſeverely puniſhed.

Subjects of either kingdom may employ ſuch Attornies, Solicitors, Notaries and Factors, as they pleaſe, which are to be appointed by the ordinary judges.

Neither power to receive into their ports ſea robbers or pirates, nor permit their ſubjects to afford them any aſſiſtance or ſupport, but rather to do all in their power to bring them, and whoever may aſſiſt or conceal them, to puniſhment. And all veſſels and goods, which have been taken by ſuch pirates, and brought into the ports of either kingdom, even if ſold to others (provided the fact be fully proved) ſhall be reſtored to the original owners, or their agents.—All ſhips and merchandiſe which may be reſcued from any pirates on the high ſeas, ſhall be delivered to the officers of the cuſtoms in ſome port of either kingdom, in order that they may be fully reſtored to the owner, as ſoon as he ſhall make proof of ſuch veſſel or goods being actually his property.

Men of war and privateers of either kingdom may take the veſſels and goods captured from their enemies, to what port or place they think proper, without paying fees either to the judges or admiralty officers; nor ſhall ſuch prizes, if brought into the ports of either kingdom, be arreſted or detained; but the commander of ſuch ſhip of war, having ſhewn his commiſſion, be permitted to ſail at pleaſure for the place mentioned in ſuch commiſſion for his prizes to be taken to. No ſhelter to be given in the ports of one power to ſuch ſhips as have made prizes on the ſubjects of the other. Should ſuch ſhips, however, be driven in by ſtreſs of weather, they ſhall be obliged to depart as ſoon as poſſibly they can with ſafety.

No ſhips or goods of one power to be taken within cannon ſhot of the coaſts or rivers in the dominions of the other; and in caſe of ſuch a circumſtance happening, the two powers will unite their force and authority that the damage ſhall be made good.

Their majeſties engage, that in caſe the captors of veſſels ſhall be proved to have uſed any torture of the ſubjects of either party, who may be on board the veſſels captured, ſuch veſſel, with every perſon and thing on board, ſhall be declared free; and the perpetrators of ſuch barbarities, and their acceſſaries, be moſt ſeverely puniſhed, without reſpect of perſons.

After the ſignature of this treaty, the two powers are to agree upon appointing conſuls, upon the places of their eſtabliſhment, and the nature of their functions.

The ſubjects of either power, in the dominions of the other, ſhall enjoy, in every reſpect whatſoever, the ſame privileges as the moſt favoured nations now or may hereafter enjoy.

Should any inconveniences or contraventions, through inadvertency or otherwiſe, ariſe concerning the obſervation of this treaty, ſuch inconveniences or contraventions ſhall not interfere with the friendſhip ſubſiſting between the two powers; but the treaty ſhall ſubſiſt in full force, a proper remedy to be procured for removing the inconvenience, and make reparation for the contraventions; and if the ſubjects of either power be found in fault, they only ſhall be ſeverely puniſhed for the offence.

Their Majeſties reſerve to themſelves, reſpectively, the right of reviſing this treaty, after twelve years, to be computed from the time that laws are paſſed in England and Ireland for carrying the ſame into execution, and make ſuch alterations, for the advantages of their reſpective ſubjects, as time or circumſtances may render neceſſary. The ſaid reviſion to be completed in

twelve months after the preſent treaty ſhall be void; but, in that caſe, the friendſhip and harmony of the two nations ſhall not be interrupted.

This treaty to be ratified in two months, at moſt, after the Plenipotentiaries ſhall have exchanged ſignatures.

NORFOLK, February 7.

IN the ſhip Neſtor, Captain Robertſon, arrived laſt Saturday from London, came paſſengers, the Reverend Mr Davis, and Captain Samuel Pool.

The ſhips Liberty, Outram, and Mary, Bodfield, from Virginia. arrived at Portſmouth, Old England, on the 25th November.

RICHMOND, February 15.

MONDAY laſt was commemorated in this city, the birth of his Excellency GEORGE WASHINGTON, Eſq;—A ball being given on the occaſion in the evening, a very numerous and brilliant company attended

ARRIVALS AT NORFOLK.

Ship Robert, Ramſey, London.
Sloop Sally, Hayward, Bermudas.
Little Betſey, Morgan, Philadelphia.
Two Betſeys, Wilſon, ditto.
Liberty, Grimes, St. Euſtatia.
Betſey, Ritter, St. Bartholomew.
Sally, Linger, ditto.

CLEARANCES.

Ship Letty, Pye, L'Orient,
Portſmouth, Odner, Havre-de-Grace.
Betſey, Butler, London.
Compte d'Artois, Gregory, Bourdeaux.
Ritſon, Curven, Liverpool.
Mary, Goodwin, Havre-de-Grace.
Brig Two Pretty Siſters, Mauzac, Cette.
Neptune, Wallace, St. Vincent.
Ann, Foſter, Briſtol.
Hope, Cox, St Euſtatia.
Portſmouth, Polly, Curracoa.
Favourite Betſey, Keown, Dublin.
Schooner Charlotte, Callaghan, Charleſtown.
Peggy, Almond, Trinidad.

☞ *Notice is hereby given, that the Commiſſioners appointed for the purpoſe of aſcertaining and liquidating the loſſes ſuſtained by the owners of tobacco burnt at* BYRD's *warehouſes, will meet at Formicola's tavern on the firſt day of* MARCH *next.*

☞ All perſons indebted to the Printer hereof, for gazettes, advertiſements, &c are requeſted to diſcharge their accounts as ſoon as poſſible. Thoſe who ſtand in arrears for gazettes for two years paſt will be diſcontinued unleſs they immediately pay up and renew their ſubſcription.—A young lad, of reputable parents who can read and ſpell well, will be taken at this office as an apprentice to the printing buſineſs.

In the PRESS,
And in a few days will be Publiſhed,
Acts of Aſſembly,
Paſſed October ſeſſion 1786.

MONS. VEACK,

BEGS leave to inform the gentlemen of Richmond, that he has opened a houſe in the back ſtreet, at the foot of Col. Adams's hill, where he propoſes to teach the art of FENCING. He flatters himſelf that his ſkill and the moderate compenſation which he will demand for his trouble, will induce moſt of the young gentlemen in this city and its neighbourhood, to acquire this uſeful and neceſſary accompliſhment.

☞ The terms are one guinea at entrance, and eighteen ſhillings per month.

*** He may be found at the abovementioned place at any time between the hours of 9 and one o'clock.

Richmond, February 13, 1787.

FOR SALE,

At HANOVER COURTHOUSE, on the firſt Thurſday in March next, if fair, otherwiſe the next fair day.

50 choice SLAVES,

Conſiſting of Men, Women, & Children.

Some of them will be ſold for ready caſh, others on nine months credit, for which bonds with good ſecurity, payable in tobacco or ſpecie at its preſent rate, will be required. THOMAS NELSON, Jun.

YORK TOWN, February 11, 1787.

HAMPTON, February 6, 1787.

THERE are now in the jail of this county, two runaway negroes, viz. GEORGE and MARK. George ſays he belongs to Levin Ryley, in Maryland, near Snowhill, he is about 16 or 17 years old, of a yelloviſh complexion, about 5½ feet high.

MARK ſays he belongs to Joſeph Newby, in North Carolina, his fore and middle finger on his left hand, grow part of the way together, and ſays it was occaſioned by a burn when he was ſmall, he alſo has a ſcar under his left eye, occaſioned by a framing gouge. The owners of the above negroes are deſired to prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

GEORGE WRAY, S.

FOR GLASGOW,

The ſhip CUNNINGHAM,

JAMES PATTERSON, Maſter.

A ſtrong, tight, well found Britiſh built veſſel, burthen about four hundred and ſixty hhds. will take tobacco on freight, with liberty of conſignment, at thirty ſhillings ſtirling per hogſhead; part of her load is engaged. Apply to William Mitchell, in Richmond, James Lyle, in Manchester, or the Captain in board at Bermuda Hundred.

FEBRUARY 5, 1787.

To be Sold,

To the higheſt bidder in the city of Richmond, before the Court-Houſe on the firſt Monday in March next, for ready money, tobacco at the market price, or ſuch merchants notes as may be approved of.

About twenty likely

SLAVES,

Conſiſting of MEN,
WOMEN,
BOYS and GIRLS,

Belonging to the eſtate of the Rev. Mr. William Coutt's deceaſed.

As ſeveral judgments for conſiderable ſums have been obtained againſt Mr. Coutt's eſtate Indulgence cannot be given to his debtors, therefore ſuits will certainly be commenced againſt thoſe who ſhall fail to make payment by the 10th of March next; all perſons who have demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make them known to

JOHN M'KEAND
BENJAMIN LEWIS, } Ex'ors.
ALEXANDER M'ROBERT,

N. B We will ſell on ſhort credit, about twenty

HALF ACRE LOTS,

In the City of RICHMOND.

ALSO

Part of the plantation adjoining the city, on which Mr. Coutt's lived, the plantation land will be laid off in ſuch parcels as may ſuit purchaſers.

Henrico, February 13, 1787.

HONOVER TOWN, Feb. 1, 1787.

ALL perſons having claims againſt Colonel William Digges, of Bellfield, York county, are deſired to bring them in to me, being authoriſed to ſettle them.

WILLIAM WALLER.

HANOVER, February 8, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber takes this public method to inform his CREDITORS, that he is now able to pay all his DEBTS, and being very anxious every man ſhould have his own, ſolicits them to apply at Philip Level's for payment, from their very Humble ſervant,

JOHN STARKE, Jun.

CITY OF RICHMOND, Feb 12.

ABSCONDED from my ſervice, GEORGE HEATH, jun. an apprentice to the Cabinet and Joiners buſineſs, who went off without any provocation or complaint. I therefore give this public notice to all maſters of the above buſineſs, or others, not to employ or harbour him, at their peril.

JOHN CLARK.

The noted Horſe

CELER,

THE property of Col. Ogilby of Amelia, ſtands this ſeaſon at my houſe in Prince Edward county, near Moore's ordinary, and will be let to mares at three pounds the ſeaſon, and 28 s the leap, the leap money to be paid down when the mares are covered.

Thoſe who put mares, muſt bring or ſend their notes payable the laſt of September next. The ſeaſon will expire the 10th of Auguſt. Good paſturage, gratis, but will not be liable for accidents or eſcapes

GEORGE REDD.

JANUARY 24, 1787.

One Guinea Reward.

WAS left in the neceſſary, adjoining the capitol, between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning a metal ſkeleton watch, made by WALLEY & JONES of Liverpool, No. 355. Whoever delivers the ſaid watch at Mr. Davis's printing office, ſhall receive the above reward.—It is requeſted that the watch may be ſtopt if offered for ſale.

January 30, 1787.

To be Sold,

For ready money, at Hobb's Hole, on Monday the 19th day of February next, purſuant to a decree of the Honourable the Court of Admiralty,

THE SCHOONER

NANCY,

ABOUT forty tons burthen, quite new, together with her rigging, tackle, apparel, and furniture; alſo the cargo on board, conſiſting of molaſſes, fiſh, oil, cramberry's, apples, cheeſe, caſt iron, Windſor chairs, ſhoes, calf ſkins, writing paper, wool and cotton cards, bell mettle, ſkillets, Dutch ovens, lime ſilvered tea pots, onions, and various other articles of merchandiſe.

BEN. POWELL, Marſhal.

At a Court of Admiralty, held at the Capitol, in the city of Williamſburg, the 16th day of Jan. 1787.

THE order made in the ſuit inſtituted in this Court by William Graves, who as well on behalf of himſelf as the Commonwealth, proſecutes againſt the ſchooner Two Brothers, having been duly publiſhed, and no perſon appearing to ſhew cauſe to the contrary the libel is taken for confeſſed. On conſideration whereof and of the papers produced and read as evidence in Court, it is ordered, adjudged, and decreed, that the ſchooner Two Brothers, aforeſaid, together with her rigging, tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the cargo in the libel mentioned, be condemned; that the Marſhal pay to the libellant, the ſum of nine pounds eighteen ſhillings and ſix pence three farthings, being one moiety of the nett proceeds of ſaid account ſales, upon his giving caution to have the ſame forthcoming, ſubject to the future order of the Court; and alſo that he pay to the Treaſurer the like ſum for the uſe of the Commonwealth, and that this ſentence be publiſhed three times in the Virginia Gazette. (A Copy)

Teſte WILL. RUSSELL, Regiſter.

Now Selling,

At the ſubſcriber's STORE
Near GALT's tavern, in this CITY.

BEST HYSON TEA, BROWN SUGAR, either wholeſale or retail. Alſo a few hogſheads of WEST INDIA and NEW ENGLAND RUM, which I will ſell at the loweſt prices for caſh.

ROBERT DEMPSTER.

RICHMOND, Jan. 28, 1787.

FOR SALE,

Thirty acres of LAND,

Together or in LOTTS,

As may beſt ſuit purchaſers—Agreeably ſituated on the main road leading to Williamſburg, one mile from this city.—For terms apply to

Richmond, Feb. 1, 1787. J. GLYNN.

To guard the Innocent againſt impoſitions, as well as to lay a bar againſt villiany,

I BEG leave to inform the public, that a certain SAMUEL GUTHRIE, of Glouceſter county, has a bond of mine for £. 125, bearing date the 7th of May 1785, to be diſcharged in tobacco at 36 s. per hundred, which bond is actually paid off.

I have been credibly informed that the ſaid Guthrie has attempted to trade off the bond, notwithſtanding I have got his diſcharge in full againſt the ſame, I therefore forewarn all perſons trading or taking an aſſignment of the ſaid bond, as I am determined not to be anſwerable for or pay the ſame. I further call on the ſaid Guthrie to remit his account with me immediately, and tranſmit my bond to me in Pittſylvania, or lodge it in the hands of Mr. Barkſdale in Peterſburg, by which means I ſhall get it.

DAVID HUNT.

FEBRUARY 6, 1787.

For PHILADELPHIA, OR NEW YORK;

THE SCHOONER
CHARMING MARY,

BART. BARNESVALL, Maſter.

Now lying at Peterſburg, burthen about 80 hhds. part of which is already engaged; ſhe will ſail in ten days. For freight or paſſage apply to B. Coffin at Peterſburg, or to the maſter on board.

EBRUARY 14, 1787.

FOR SALE,

A few barrels of cyder.

POETRY.

The following Verses, wrote by Mr. Freneau, are subjoined to a short and accurate account of the West-Indies.

1 THESE Indian isles, so green and gay,
In summer seas by nature plac'd—
Art scarcely told us where they lay
'Till tyranny their charms defac'd,
Ambition there her conquests made,
And av'rice rifled every shade.

2 The Genius wept his sons to see
By foreign arms untimely fall,
And some to other climates flee,
Where later ruin met them all—
He saw his sylvan offspring bleed
That fiercer natures might succeed.

3 No more to Indian coasts confin'd,
Aw'd by some proud victorious chief,
While he to tears his heart resign'd,
With pain he saw the falling leaf;
" And thus (he cry'd) our reign must end,
" We, like the leaves, must now descend.

4 " Ah, what a change! the ambient deep
" No longer hears the lovers sigh—
" But wretches meet to wail and weep
" The loss of their dear liberty—
" Unfeeling hearts possess these isles,
" Man frowns, and only nature smiles."

5 Proud of these vast extended shores
The haughty Spaniard calls his own,
No other world may share those stores
To other worlds so little known—
His CUBA shall this truth confess,
Where slavery digs what slaves possess.

6 JAMAICA's sweet romantic vales
In vain with golden plenty teem;
Her endless spring, her balmy gales
Did more to me than magic seem—
Yet, what the God profusely gave
Is here denied the toiling slave.

7 Fantastic joy and fond belief
Through life support the galling chain,
Hope's airy scenes dishearten grief
And bring his native climes again—
His native groves his heav'n display,
The funeral is the happy day.——

8 For man reduc'd to such disgrace
In vain from Jove fair virtue fell—
Distress compells him to be base,
He has no motive to excel—
In death alone his prospects end,
The world's worst foe is his best friend!

9 How great their praise, let truth declare,
Who, smit with honour's sacred flame,
Bade freedom to these coasts repair,
Assum'd the slave's neglected claim,
And scorning interest's sordid plan
Prov'd to mankind the rights of man.

10 Ascending here, may this warm sun
With freedom's beams, divinely clear,
Throughout the world his circuit run,
'Till these dark scenes shall disappear,
And a new race, not bought or sold,
Springs from the ashes of the old.

Will be Sold,

At the dwelling house of Mr. HAYES, the 27th of February next, at public sale,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT OF

Household Furniture,

Consisting of

MAHOGANY and painted chiars. Do. dining and other tables. Pier and toilet glasses. An elegant mahogany wardrobe, desk and book case. An eight day clock, with a mahogany case. Feather beds and furniture. Kitchen utensils. A neat single chair with harness. And many other articles too tedious to mention.

A L S O

One Negro Man and Woman, a fine bay Gelding, by ECLIPSE.

Payment in cash or tobacco on delivery to the purchaser.

HANOVER TOWN, Jan. 26, 1787.

To be Let,

On a ground rent or building lease.

Two GOSPORT LOTS

Number eighteen and nineteen, lying upon the river.

VERY fit for carpenters or for building warehouses as there is water for a ship of one thousand tons within a few yards of the shore. Encouragement will be given to such as incline to improve, by an advance of part of the money for the buildings, or by a lease free of rent for some years. Those who chuse to treat may apply to Messrs. HARRISON, NICKOLLS, & Co. Portsmouth, or Wm. Alexander, & Co. Richmond.

Richmond, October 26, 1786.

THE FRIENDS OF
Messrs. Crosbie & Greenwood,
OF LIVERPOOL,
Are respectfully informed that

THE BRIGANTINE
BELLONA,
ROBERT KELSICK, Master.

BURTHEN 300 hogsheads, will take in tobacco to their address at Norfolk, at 6 l. per ton. The Bellona is a remarkable strong British built vessel, two years old, and has good accommodations for passengers. Will sail in February ensuing.

ROBERT HAYES.

Hanover Town, Dec. 25, 1786.

I will sell on reasonable terms for cash, tobacco or naval stores,

An extensive ASSORTMENT of

FALL GOODS,
NAILS,
LOAF SUGAR,
By the package, &c. now laying
AT NORFOLK.

ROBERT HAYES.

At Norfolk, for Liverpool.

THE BRIGANTINE
KITTY,
JOHN HUSTON, Master.

BURTHEN 180 hogsheads, is a very strong vessel with a Mediterranean pass, will receive tobacco or naval stores, to the address of Messrs. Crosbie & Greenwood, merchants there.——For terms apply to the Captain on board, or to

ROBERT HAYES.

Who has for sale, on board the
KITTY,
A few barrels of good
ANTIGUA SUGARS,
AND SOME COALS.

NORFOLK, Dec. 26, 1786.

To be Hired,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

A Negro Woman,

Who has been used to house work, and a very good washer and ironer. For further particulars apply to the Printer hereof.

Richmond, December 26, 1786.

York Grammar School,

DECEMBER 5, 1786.

MR. EVANS,

TAKES the liberty of reminding his friends and the public that he continues the tuition of youth in the Greek, Latin, and English languages; writing and accounts; geography and the use of the globes.

That his pupils may be no longer retarded in the prosecution of their studies by the want of proper books, he has imported a collection of such Classic authors as are usually read in schools, to accommodate them with, upon current terms. And as he considers the study of geography a matter of considerable importance, at least to his SENIOR scholars, he is furnished for the purpose with an elegant pair of twelve inch globes, comprising the latest discoveries; a planatarium, which conveys a distinct general idea of the solar system, and another machine of his own invention, representing still more familiarly the revolution of the seasons; together with several sets of maps, particularly a large atlas of forty maps.

He presumes therefore, that his school will be allowed to be well furnished with the means and materials of instruction; but for his skill and assiduity in the application of these, he relies upon the future proficiency of his pupils as his best vouchers.

As it is by no means Mr. Evans's desire to have a mixed and crouded school, he fixes upon one general price, which is £. 10 per annum, to be paid half-yearly, with one dollar at entrance towards fuel for the year.

He begs leave to add, that there is no longer any difficulty in boarding boys in town; for, exclusive of other convenient places, Mr. and Mrs. Wise make it their sole business to accommodate youth; to whose care Mr. Evans has much confidence in recommending them.

THOMAS BREND,

Book Binder and Stationer,

INFORMS the public in general, and his old customers in particular, that he now occupies a shop near the market house; where he carries on his business in all its various branches, merchants may be furnished with any kind of blank account books, made and ruled to any pattern given. County court clerks, and sheriffs, with record and other books for the use of their different offices.

He has on hand a variety of

Blank account books,
Latin, greek, and French school books,
Dictionaries of various languages,
A small collection of new novels, and other English books,
Also bibles, testaments, spelling books, and primmers,
Ink stands of various sorts, and sizes,
Pounce and sand boxes,
Quills wax, and wafers of the first quality,
Pocket books, and letter cases,
Slates and pencils,
Indian rubbers,
Letter folders,
Money scales and weights,
And a few dozen of the very highest finished penknives,

Also a variety of other articles in the Stationary way too tedious to enumerate.

A few copies of
STARK's JUSTICE,
Are still on hand.

N. B. By sundry losses which I have sustained by giving credit, and considering the small stock I have for carrying on my business, I am come to a determined resolution to give no further credit but to such as have been pointed in their payments; and therefore I beg that those who should want any thing in my way for the future (that do not live in this city) either to send the money, or appoint some citizen to pay it for them.

To be disposed of

ON VERY MODERATE TERMS,
THE WHOLE OF MY
Drugs and Medicines,
And SHOP utensils

As they now stand in the city of Richmond.

For cash or James river tobacco. Credit will be allowed on giving bond with good security.

3w WM. CARTER, Sen.

Williamsburg, Dec. 30, 1786.

A CAUTION.

WHEREAS Martha Ward, has taken upon herself the liberty of having some of my tobacco booked in her name, I do hereby caution the inspectors against the same in future; and all persons dealing with her or for her hereafter, for any commodity, excepting it is what she makes with her own hands. She has been guilty of many such acts which shall be proved by me hereafter.

JOSEPH WARD, Jun.

Henrico, January 8, 1787.

MECKLENBURG, January 2, 1787.

I AM told that Mr. Charles Allen, of this county has two bonds of mine for 100 l. each, which it seems he won of me at Hussle-cap or some other trivial game: However I neither remember the gaming nor signing any such. If therefore any such bonds does really exist and the said Allen should offer them to any person or persons, I desire that such person may pay no attention to them, as I never mean to pay a farthing. My situation in life makes it notorious, that I get no part of my living by gambling, and I should be very sorry that any part of my labour should be taken from my family and thrown away on sharpers.

WOOD HINTON

N. B I am told the said bonds bears date in 1783.

YORK TOWN, January 28, 1787.

STOLEN from the subscriber on the night of the 27th instant, out of Mrs. Gibbon's table, in York town, a light SORREL HORSE, about fifteen hands and an inch high, raw-boned, a small head, with a little white spot in his face, one of his hind feet white as high as the pastern joint, some white spots on his back, occasioned by a saddle.—At the same time was taken, a single skirt saddle, about one third worn, plated stirrups and bosses, a green cloth bound with red. Whoever secures the thief and horse, that the owner may get his property, and the thief his deserts, shall receive five pounds, and for the horse and saddle three pounds.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

BLANKS,

MAY BE HAD AT THIS OFFICE.